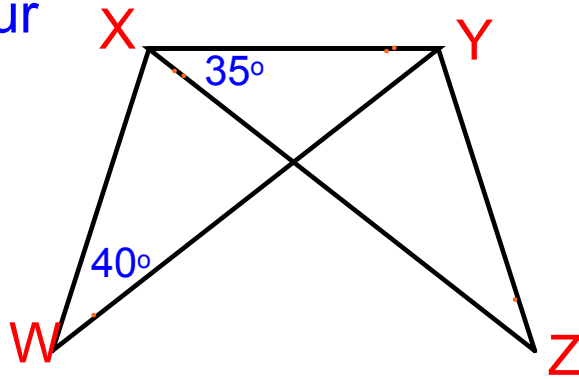


# Exit Ticket:

must be attempted  
before you leave  
class, if you want your  
points.

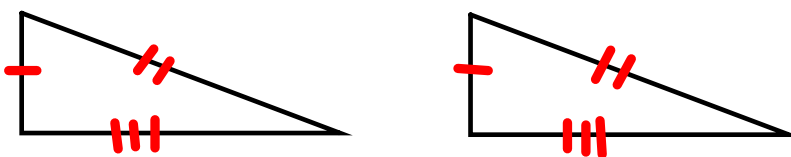
Find  $m\angle YXW$



## Chapter 4.3: Prove Triangles Congruent by SSS(Side-Side-Side)

### Axiom 19: Side-Side-Side Congruence

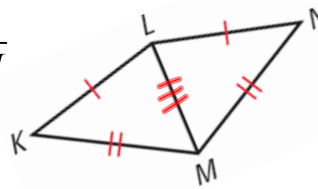
If three sides of one triangle are congruent to three sides of another triangle then the two triangles are congruent.



ex. Write a Proof

Given:  $\overline{KL} \cong \overline{NL}$ ,  $\overline{KM} \cong \overline{NM}$

Prove:  $\triangle KLM \cong \triangle NLM$



Statements	Reasons
1) $\overline{KL} \cong \overline{NL}$ $\overline{KM} \cong \overline{NM}$	1) given
2) $\overline{LM} \cong \overline{LM}$	2) Reflexive
3) $\triangle KLM \cong \triangle NLM$	3) SSS

- Extra

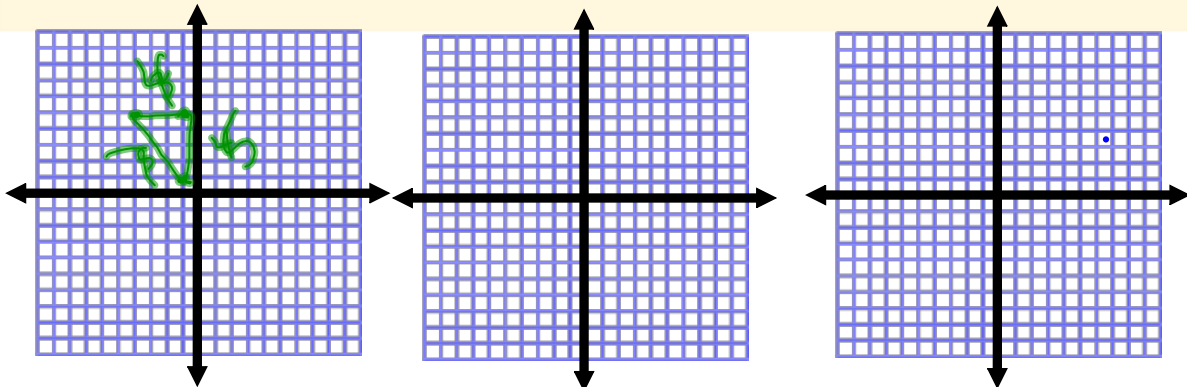
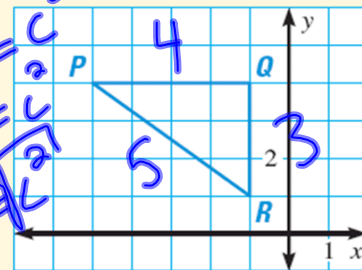
4)  $\angle KLM \cong \angle NLM$

4) CPLTL

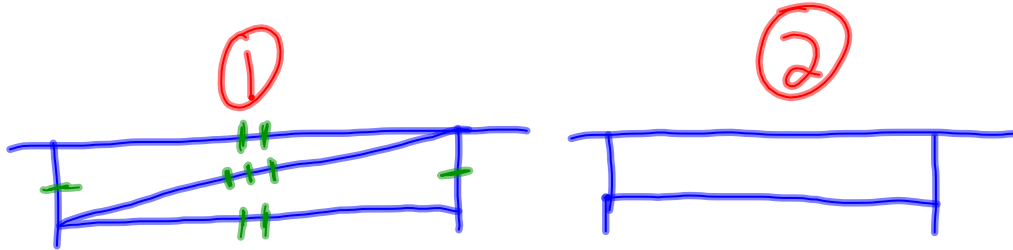
Which are the coordinates of the vertices of a triangle congruent to  $\triangle PQR$ ?

- (A) (-1, 1), (-1, 5), (-4, 5)
- (B) (-2, 4), (-7, 4), (-4, 6)
- (C) (-3, 2), (-1, 3), (-3, 1)
- (D) (-7, 7), (-7, 9), (-3, 7)

$3^2 + 4^2 = c^2$   
 $9 + 16 = c^2$   
 $\sqrt{25} = \sqrt{c^2}$

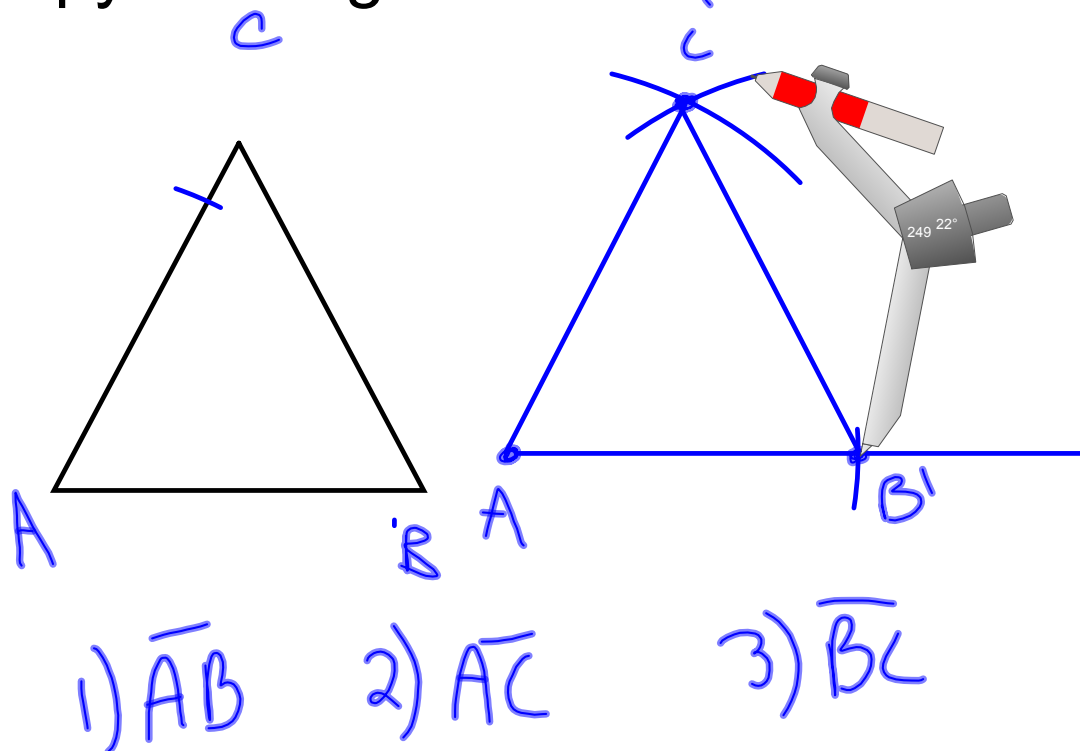


ex. Explain which bench would be more stable.



Homework: Chapter 4.3 pg.236  
#'s 3-6,10,15,18,24,26

Copy a triangle....



Copy a triangle....

